

# 2011 USTA 10 and Under Tennis (QuickStart) Playground Line Grant



Painting permanent 36' and 60' tennis lines for the QuickStart Tennis play format at your school or community playground will help create permanency and help change the face of Kids Tennis in America. The USTA wants to partner with your community to help you accomplish this common goal, and grow youth tennis to its fullest. Your school or playground can be a part of getting your community ready for explosive growth in this lifelong sport.

## Requirements:

Must be willing to line for three courts in order to qualify for grant funding. Each site must apply online for assistance. Sites that cannot line at least three courts will be provided with detailed concept plans and instructions on how to line a blacktop with the help of volunteers or school personnel, but will not be eligible for grant funding.

## Application Process:

Complete a USTA **Facility Assistance Form** <http://ct.usta.com/pfa/> (*be sure to check "National Line Grant"*). Have the following required information gathered and ready to send by electronic mail upon contact by a USTA Representative for *each* location:

- 3-4 electronic photos of the space conditions (*under 250kb each*)
- Scanned sketch of the blacktop/playground layout with perimeter dimensions (including location of fixed objects) of the area where courts will be painted.
- Scanned completed copy of the attached W9
- Copy of a contractor's estimate for painting the courts or documented estimates for line machine and paint if painting lines yourself per **'Do It Yourself'** instructions provided by the USTA.

*Providing all information in one email will expedite the process and avoid unnecessary confusion. Remember to include your project number and name in the subject line of all emails.* Once all items are received and reviewed, the USTA will return lining specifications, and issue a USTA Approval Letter so you can get started with your project.

## Reimbursement:

After the project has been completed, you will need to send photos of the painted lines to the USTA, and a copy of the final invoice and a reimbursement check for 50% of the cost to line will be released to the facility for the amount indicated on the Approval Letter. *If your Section and/or District offers an additional match, a second check will come directly from the Section/District. Please check with your Section and/or District office for possible additional matching funds.* Funding will be held for up to 60 days after approval. Failure to complete the project within 60 days may result in funds being released to other communities. *All projects must be pre-approved in order to be eligible for funding.*



Visit [http://www.usta.com/Facilities/tech\\_specs/](http://www.usta.com/Facilities/tech_specs/) to find "**Do It Yourself**" 36' & 60' Court Striping Plans (For Use On Pavement, Blacktop, & Other Flat Surfaces)

## Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the  
 requester. Do not  
 send to the IRS.

Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	Name (as shown on your income tax return)	
	Business name, if different from above	
	Check appropriate box: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/Sole proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (D=disregarded entity, C=corporation, P=partnership) ▶ ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Exempt payee <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶	
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
	City, state, and ZIP code	
List account number(s) here (optional)		

### Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Social security number
:        :
or
Employer identification number
:

**Note.** If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

### Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).

**Certification instructions.** You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

<b>Sign Here</b>	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ▶
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### General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

#### Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

**Note.** If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

**Special rules for partnerships.** Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,